In this room there are three different collections: Guillermo Wiesse’s collection of coins, Vittorio Azzaritti’s tableware collection and Pedro de Osma’s collection of religious and domestic objects.

Since pre-Hispanic times, gold and silver have been related to the cult of the sun and moon. During colonial times, they became the main source of Peruvian Wealth, which attracted the interest of travelers in search of precious metals. Potosi, currently located in Bolivia, was the richest silver mine in the ancient region of Alto Peru. It generated a very active economic network and was the largest city in America in the early seventeenth century. Santa Barbara, Huancavelica, was another major mine in the Viceroyalty of Peru, where mercury and quicksilver were extracted; both materials were used to process silver.